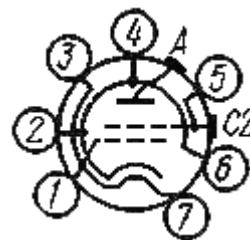
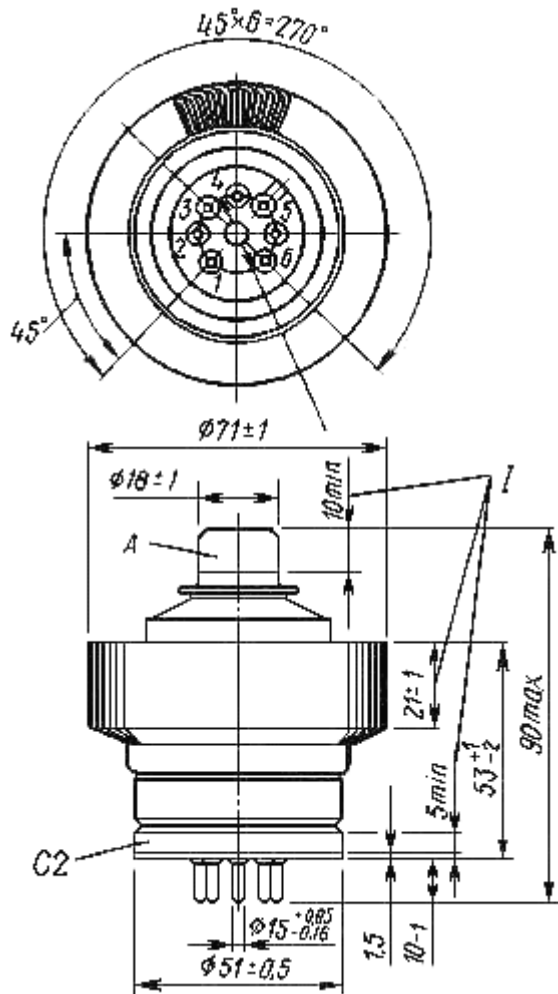


# GU-74b

## Tetrode

The GU-74b tetrode is used in wideband nontunable amplifiers and for single-sideband power amplification in stationary and mobile RF equipment. It is useful at full ratings through 250MHz. The GU-74b tetrode is generally considered to be similar to the 4CX800A, although some users report that it acts more like a tube having 900 or 1000W anode dissipation.

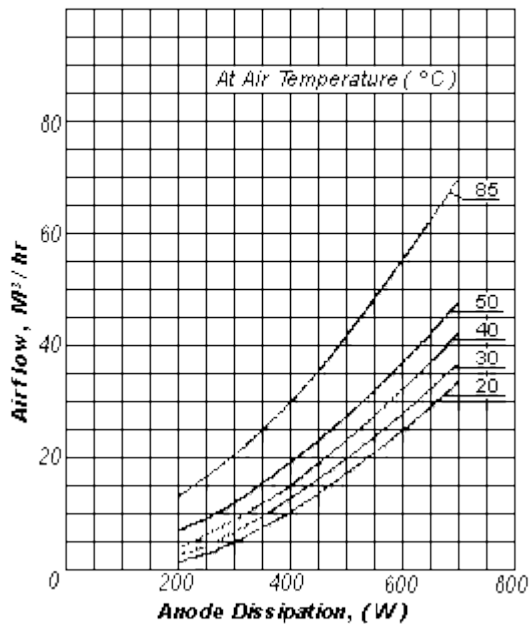
<b>GENERAL</b>	
Cathode: indirectly heated, dispenser, oxide-coated.	
Envelope: metal-ceramic.	
Cooling: forced air.	
Height, mm, at most:	90
Diameter, mm, at most:	71
Mass, gm, at most:	550



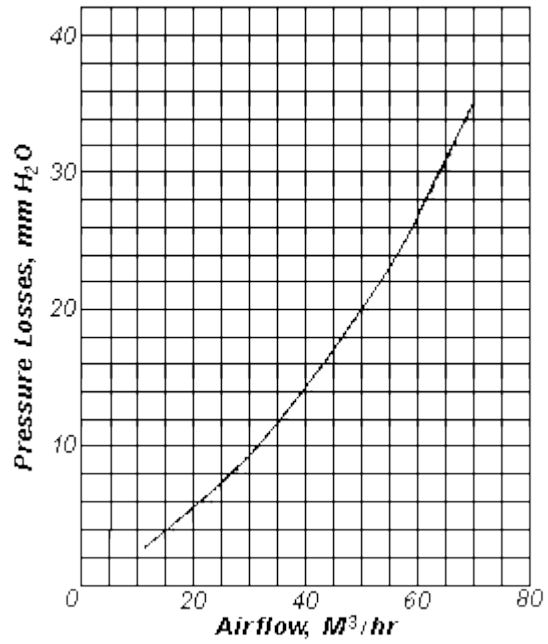
I - contact surfaces; 1 - grid 1; 2, 4, 6 - cathode; 3, 7 - heater; 5, C2 - grid 2; A - anode

ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING CONDITIONS	
Vibration loads:	
frequency, Hz	1-200
acceleration, m/s <sup>2</sup>	49
Multiple impacts with acceleration, m/s <sup>2</sup>	392
Ambient Conditions:	
Temperature, °C	-10 to +55
Relative humidity at up to +35 °C, %	98
NOMINAL ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS	
Heater voltage, V	12.6
Heater current, A	3.6
Mutual conductance ( $V_a = 1KV, V_{g2} = 300V, I_a = 600mA$ , change in $V_{g1} = 2.5V$ ), mA/V:	32.5
Anode current ( $I_a$ ) with $V_a = 2.5KV, V_{g2} = 300V$ , A:	>1.4
Negative bias ( $V_{g1}$ ) with $V_a = 1KV, V_{g2} = 300V, I_a = 600mA$ , V:	18-32
Negative cutoff bias ( $V_{g1}$ ) with $V_a = 1KV, V_{g2} = 300V, I_a = 15mA$ , V:	90
input capacitance, pF	51
output capacitance, at most, pF	11
transfer capacitance, pF	<0.09
Warm up time, s:	<150
AB <sub>1</sub> Output power, $V_a = 2KV, V_{g1} = -60V, V_{g2} = 300V, I_{g2} < 50mA$ , Freq. 0.1-1.0 MHz, W:	>550
3rd-order energy relative to carrier, $V_a = 2KV, V_{g2} = 300V, I_{g2} < 50mA, V_{g1} = -70V$ , dB:	-28
5th-order energy relative to carrier, $V_a = 2KV, V_{g2} = 300V, I_{g2} < 50mA, V_{g1} = -70V$ , dB:	-28
Designed Tube Life (hours)	>1500
ELECTRICAL PARAMETER LIMITS	
Heater voltage, V	11.9-13.3
Heater current, A	3.3-3.9
input capacitance, pF	46-56
output capacitance, pF	9-13
Maximum CW Anode voltage ( $V_a$ ), KV:	2
Maximum Instantaneous value Anode voltage ( $V_a$ ), KV:	4
"Maximum" Control Grid voltage ( $V_{g1}$ ), V	-150
Maximum Screen Grid voltage ( $V_{g2}$ ), V	300
CW cathode current ( $I_c$ ), A:	0.75
Peak cathode current ( $I_c$ ), A:	2.5
Anode Dissipation, W:	600
Screen Grid (G2) Dissipation, W:	15
Control Grid (G1) Dissipation, W:	2
Frequency, MHz:	<250

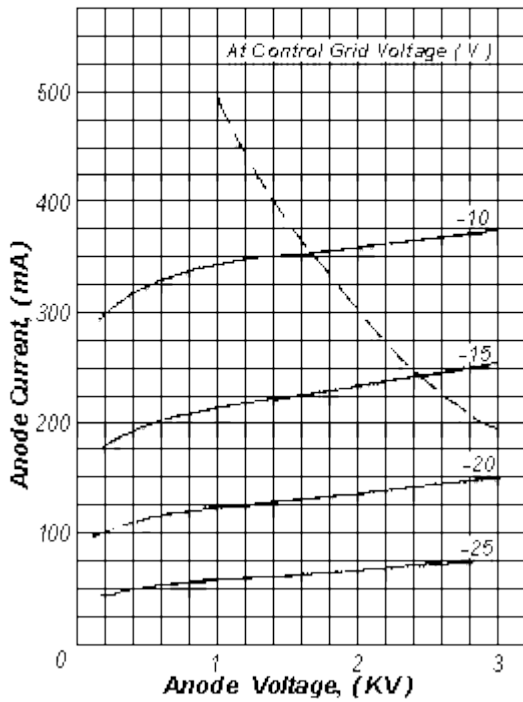
**Airflow Rate vs Anode Dissipation**  
 Maximum anode Temperature 200°C



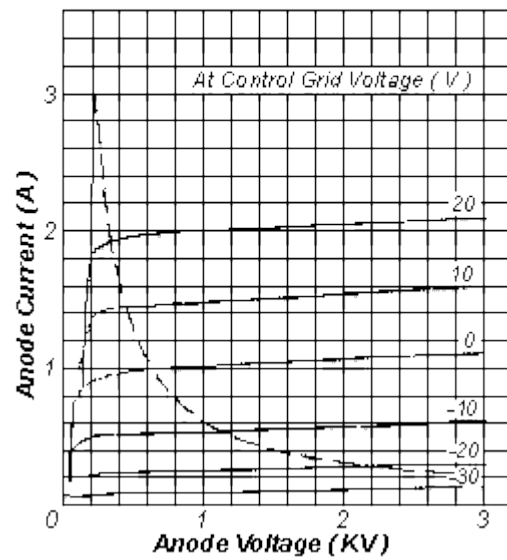
**Pressure Losses in Radiator vs Airflow Rate**



**Averaged Anode Characteristics (for voltage regulation application)**  
 — — — Maximum Anode Dissipation  
 Filament @ 12.6 V, Screen Grid @ 150 V

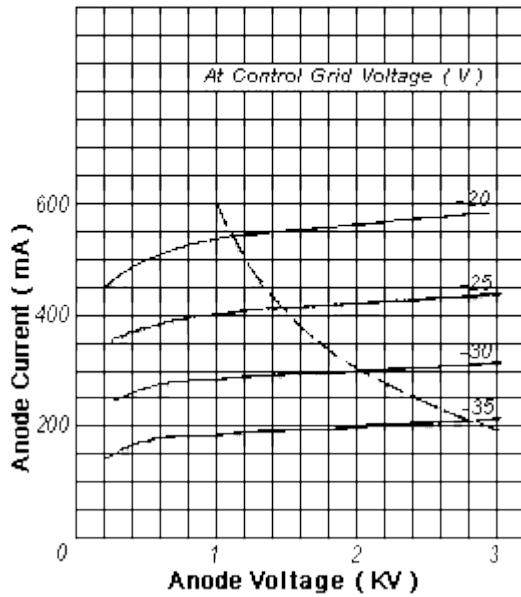


**Averaged Anode characteristics:**  
 — — — Maximum anode dissipation  
 Filament @ 12.6 V, Screen Grid @ 200 V



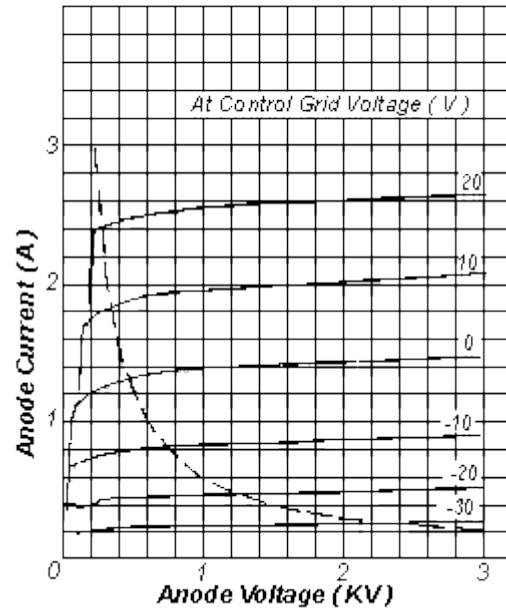
**Averaged Anode Characteristics  
(for voltage regulation application)**

— — — Maximum Anode Dissipation  
Filament @ 12.6 V, Screen Grid @ 250 V



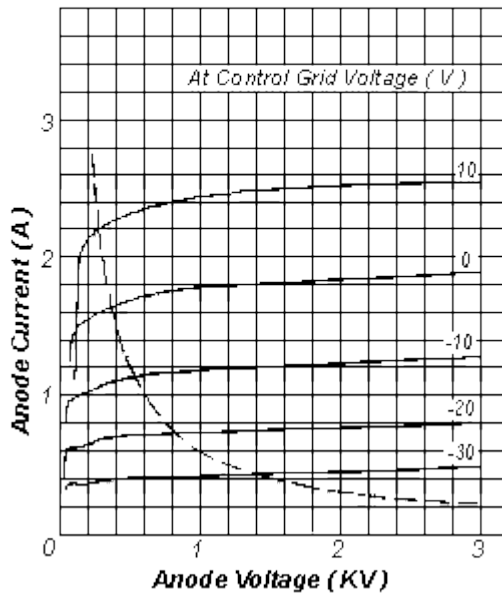
**Averaged Anode characteristics:**

— — — Maximum anode dissipation  
Filament @ 12.6 V, Screen Grid @ 250 V



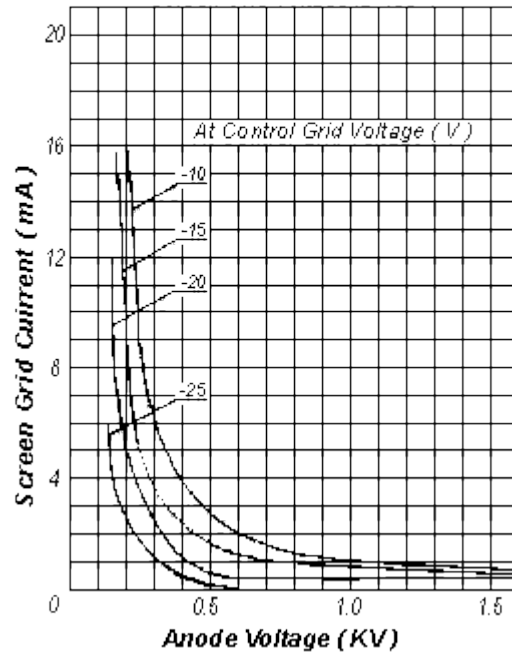
**Averaged Anode characteristics:**

— — — Maximum anode dissipation  
Filament @ 12.6 V, Screen Grid @ 300 V

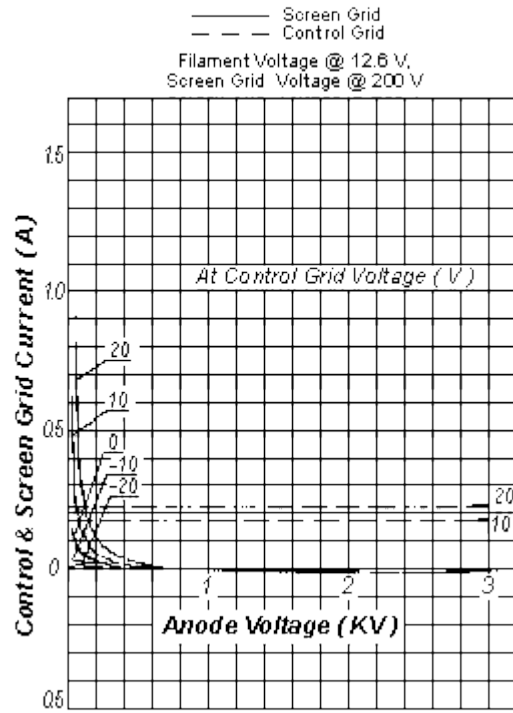


**Averaged Grid-Anode Characteristics  
(for voltage regulation applications):**

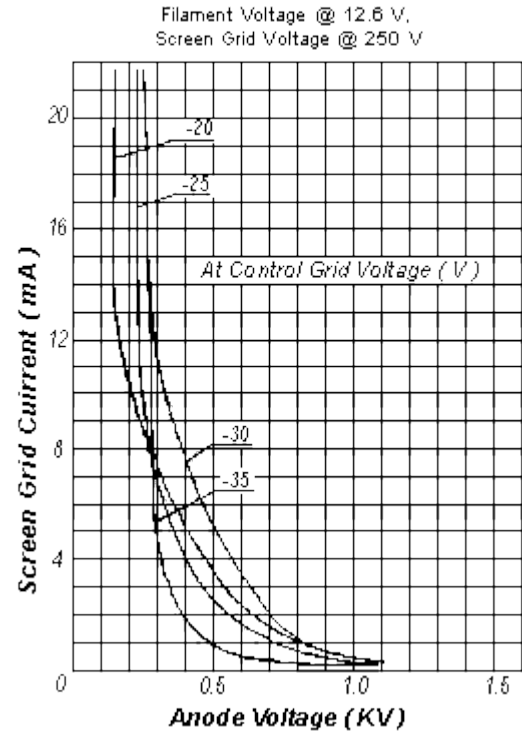
Filament Voltage @ 12.6 V,  
Screen Grid Voltage @ 150 V



**Averaged Grid-Anode Characteristics:**



**Averaged Grid-Anode Characteristics (for voltage regulation applications):**



**Averaged Grid-Anode Characteristics:**

